

# Cloudera

## CDP-4001

**CDP Data Analyst- Certification Exam**

**Questions And Answers PDF Format:**

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*Version = Product*



# Latest Version: 6.0

## Question: 1

You have been given below data in an Impala table called "he\_order\_items" . Which of the following query will give an aggregate value which is approximately the midpoint of values in the order\_item\_product\_price?

1	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 0,Cameroon,Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
2	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for Training4Exam.com 5,Egypt,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
3	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 14,Namibia,Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
4	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for Training4Exam.com 15,Zimbabwe,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
5	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 16,Uganda,Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
6	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 1,United States,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
7	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for Training4Exam.com 2,Canada,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
8	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 3,Cuba,Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
9	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for Training4Exam.com 17,Costa Rica,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
10	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 24,Panama,Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com

- A. select appx\_midpoint(rs.order\_item\_product\_price) from (select \* from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_id < 11) rs
- B. select appx\_median(rs.order\_item\_product\_price) from (select \* from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_id < 11) rs
- C. select midpoint(rs.order\_item\_product\_price) from (select \* from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_id < 11) rs
- D. select exact\_midpoint(rs.order\_item\_product\_price) from (select \* from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_id < 11) rs

**Answer: B**

## Question: 2

Which of the following query gives the "Total Count of the all values which has order\_item\_product\_price value higher than appx\_median value

- A. select total(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher\_count from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price more than (select APPX\_MEDIAN(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items);

- B. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher\_count from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price more than (select APPX\_MEDIAN(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items);
- C. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher\_count from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price = (select APPX\_MEDIAN(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items);
- D. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher\_count from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price > (select APPX\_MEDIAN(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items);

**Answer: D**

**Question: 3**

You have Impala table called "order\_item\_product\_price" and initial 10 rows of the table is as below. Which of the following query will Calculate appx\_median of order\_item\_product\_price where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 80.

order_item_id	order_item_order_id	order_item_product_id	order_item_quantity	order_item_subtotal	order_item_product_price
1	1	957	1	299.9800109863281	299.9800109863281
2	2	1073		199.99000549316406	199.99000549316406
3	3	802	5	250	50
4	4	403	1	129.99000549316406	129.99000549316406
5	5	897	2	49.97999954223633	24.989999771118164
6	6	365	5	299.95001220703125	59.9900016784668
7	7	5	3	150	50
8	8	514	4	199.9199981689453	49.97999954223633
9	9	957	1	299.9800109863281	299.9800109863281
10	10	365	5	299.95001220703125	59.9900016784668

- A. select appx\_median(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 80;
- B. select appx\_median(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 > < 80;
- C. select appx\_median(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price < 20 and order\_item\_product\_price < 80;
- D. select appx\_median(order\_item\_product\_price) from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price < 20 or order\_item\_product\_price > 80;

**Answer: A**

**Question: 4**

You have Impala table called “order\_item\_product\_price” and initial 10 rows of the table is as below. Which of the following query will Calculate appx\_median of order\_item\_product\_price where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 80 and order\_item\_product\_price>50.

order_item_id	order_item_order_id	order_item_product_id	order_item_quantity	order_item_subtotal	order_item_product_price
1	1	957	1	299.9800109863281	299.9800109863281
2	2	1073	1	199.99000549316406	199.99000549316406
3	2	502	5	250	50
4	2	403	5	129.99000549316406	129.99000549316406
5	4	897	4	49.97999954223633	24.989999771118164
6	4	365	5	299.95001220703125	59.9900016784668
7	4	502	3	150	50
8	4	1014	4	199.9199981689453	49.97999954223633
9	5	957	1	299.9800109863281	299.9800109863281
10	5	365	5	299.95001220703125	59.9900016784668

- A. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 50 and order\_item\_product\_price > 50;
- B. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 50 and 80 and order\_item\_product\_price > 50;
- C. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 80 and order\_item\_product\_price > 50;
- D. select count(order\_item\_product\_price) as higher from he\_order\_items where order\_item\_product\_price between 20 and 80 and order\_item\_product\_price < 50;

**Answer: C**

**Question: 5**

You have a table in Hive called “TEMPREGION” and has a single column with the following data Which of the following query will be helpful to split the data in respective column using select statement?

1	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 0 Cameroon Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
2	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for Training4Exam.com 5 Egypt Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
3	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 14 Namibia Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
4	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for Training4Exam.com 15 Zimbabwe Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
5	1 AFRICA Good Business Region for HadoopExam.com 16 Uganda Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
6	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 1 United States Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
7	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for Training4Exam.com 2 Canada Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
8	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 3 Cuba Reference site http://www.QuickTechie.com
9	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for Training4Exam.com 17 Costa Rica Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com
10	2 AMERICA Average Business Region for HadoopExam.com 24 Panama Reference site http://www.HadoopExam.com

- A. SELECT unjoin(data,'\|')[0] r\_regionkey , unjoin (data,'\|')[1] r\_name , unjoin (data,'\|')[2] r\_comment , unjoin (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[0] n\_nationkey , unjoin (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[1] n\_name , unjoin (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[2] n\_comment FROM tempregion;
- B. SELECT split(data,'\|')[0] r\_regionkey , split(data,'|')[1] r\_name , split(data,'|')[2] r\_comment , split(split(data,'|')[3],",")[0] n\_nationkey , split(split(data,'|')[3],",")[1] n\_name , split(split(data,'|')[3],",")[2] n\_comment FROM tempregion;
- C. SELECT break(data,'\|')[0] r\_regionkey , break(data,'\|')[1] r\_name , break (data,'\|')[2] r\_comment , break (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[0] n\_nationkey , break (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[1] n\_name , break (split(data,'\|')[3],",")[2] n\_comment FROM tempregion;
- D. SELECT split(data,'\|')[0] r\_regionkey , split(data,'\|')[1] r\_name , split(data,'\|')[2] r\_comment , split(split(data,'\|')[3],",")[0] n\_nationkey , split(split(data,'\|')[3],",")[1] n\_name , split(split(data,'\|')[3],",")[2] n\_comment FROM tempregion;

**Answer: D**

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